## BLUE-COLLAR JOBS

## Report 2019







### Disclaimer:

### Basis Time Period, Sample Set And Verticals

- This report is based on a sample set of around 11 Lakh profiles of individuals working with around 1000+ employers
- The data is collected over the last 12 months
- · Insights are based on internal data analytics and machine learning tools
- The future jobs are based on the current hiring trends and employer projections
- The report has excluded the data from some verticals like healthcare, manufacturing, retail, and hospitality. It will be published towards the end of 2019
- While the report is based on actual meta Data, no data would be shared with anybody due to privacy policies

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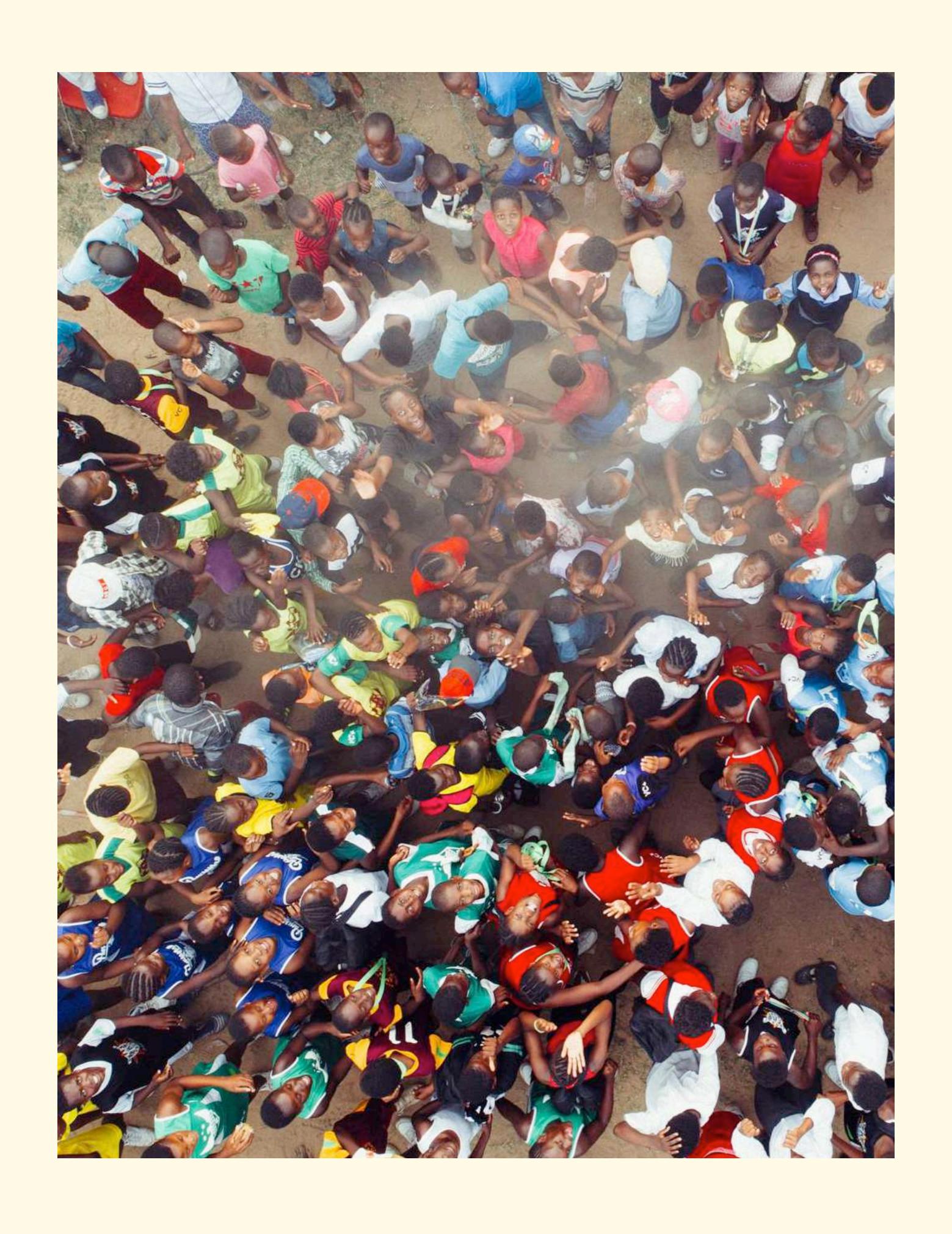
**Standards**Karnataka

Report

Key
Takeaways

### O1 Demand Over Next 12 Months

- 14 Lakh+ jobs are in the gig economy out of the 21+ lakh
  jobs in 2019-20 for the selected verticals and customer base
- 40% of the Blue-Collar jobs will be created in
   5 States of South India
- Tier 1 cities create the largest job opportunities



14 Lakh+ Jobs are in the Gig
Economy out of the 21+ Lakh
Jobs in 2019–20 for the Selected
Verticals and Customer Base

Delivery

802745+

Driver

598627+

Security

349313+

## 21 Lakh+ Jobs in 2019-20

Delivery: 802745

**Driver:** 598627

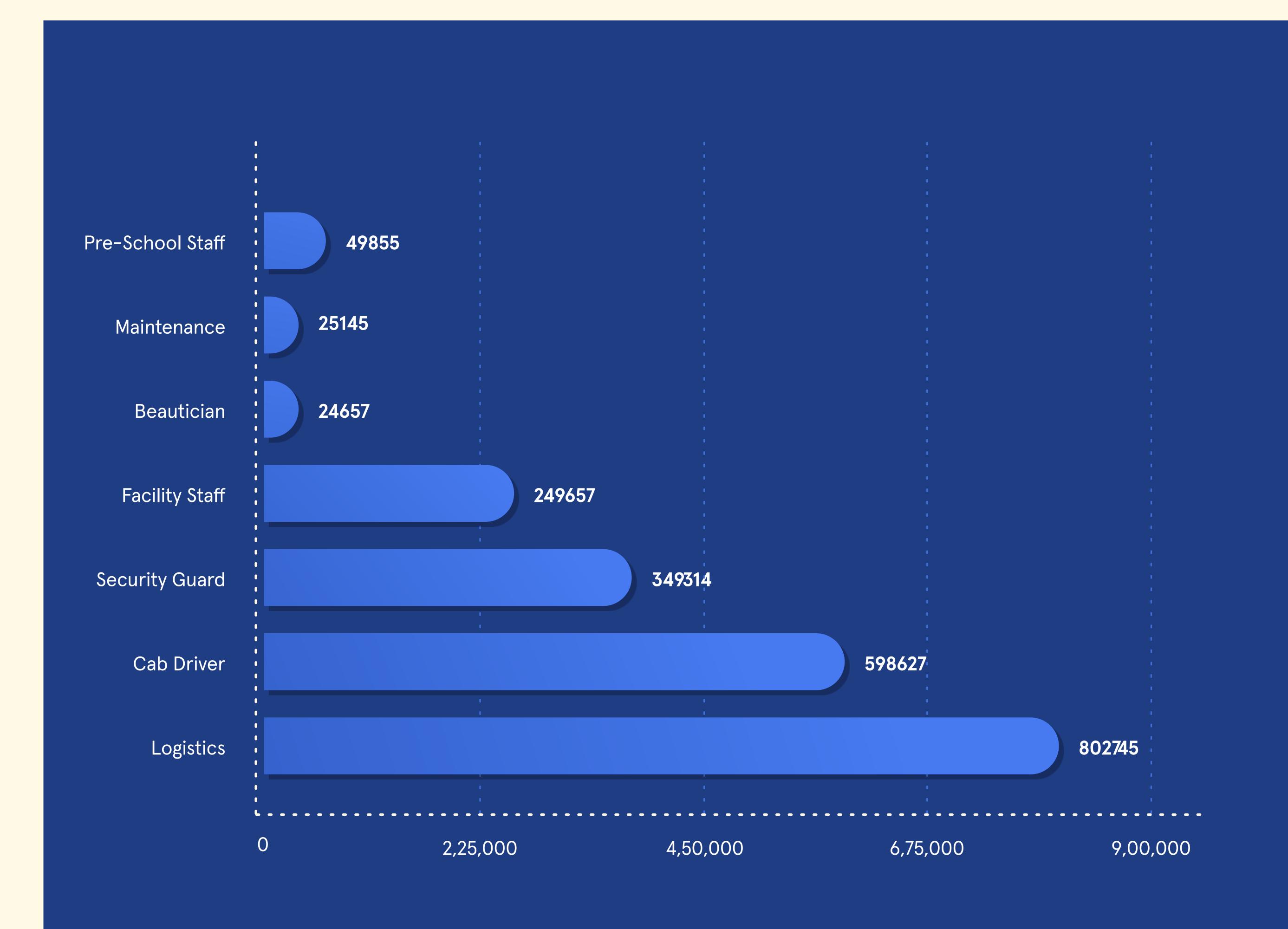
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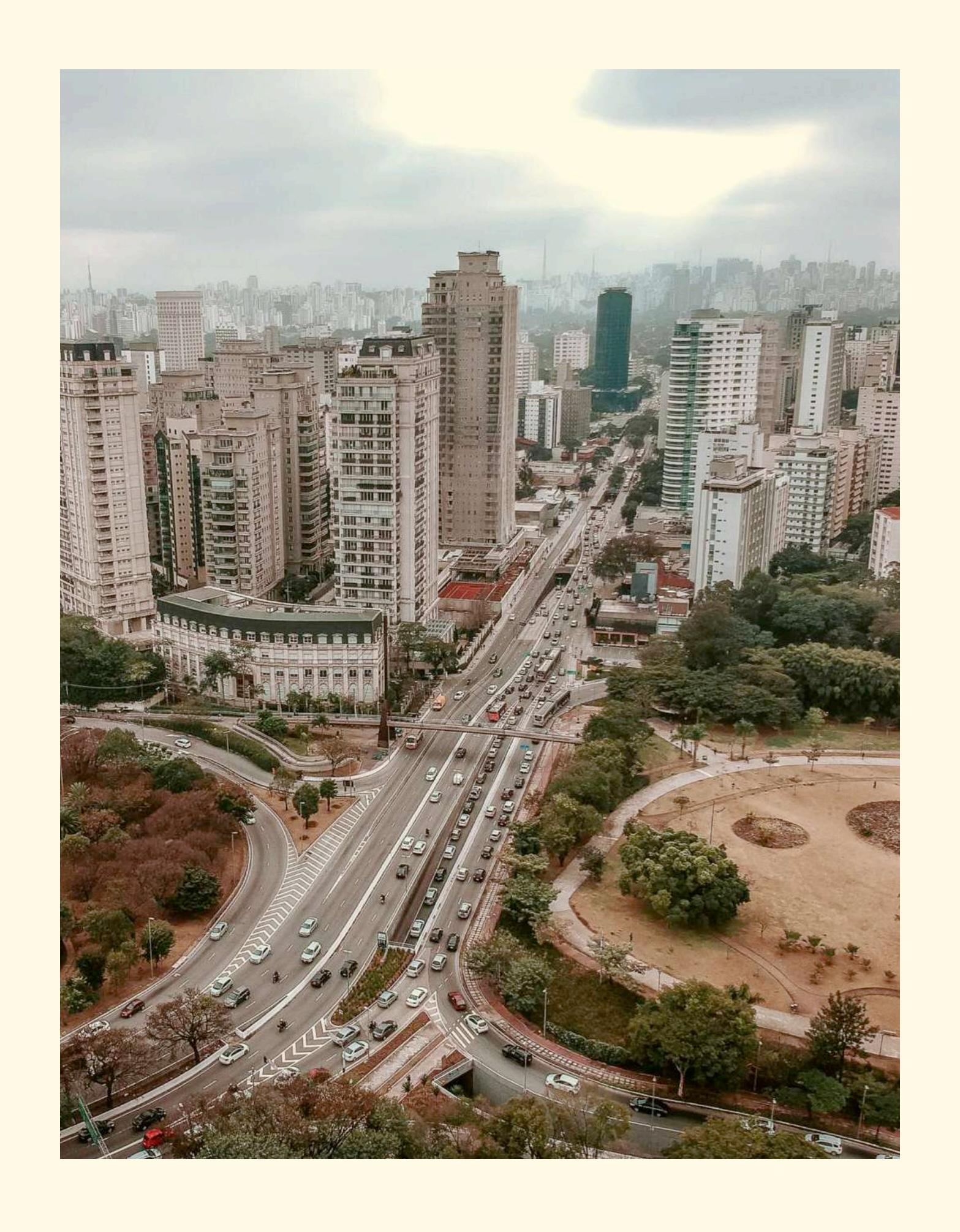
Facility: 249657

Beautician: 24657

Maintenance: 25145

Schools: 49855





## 40% of the Blue-Collar Jobs will be Created in 5 States of South India

Maharashtra

413161+

Karnataka

309896+

Delhi

225801+

## Blue-Collar Jobs State-wise

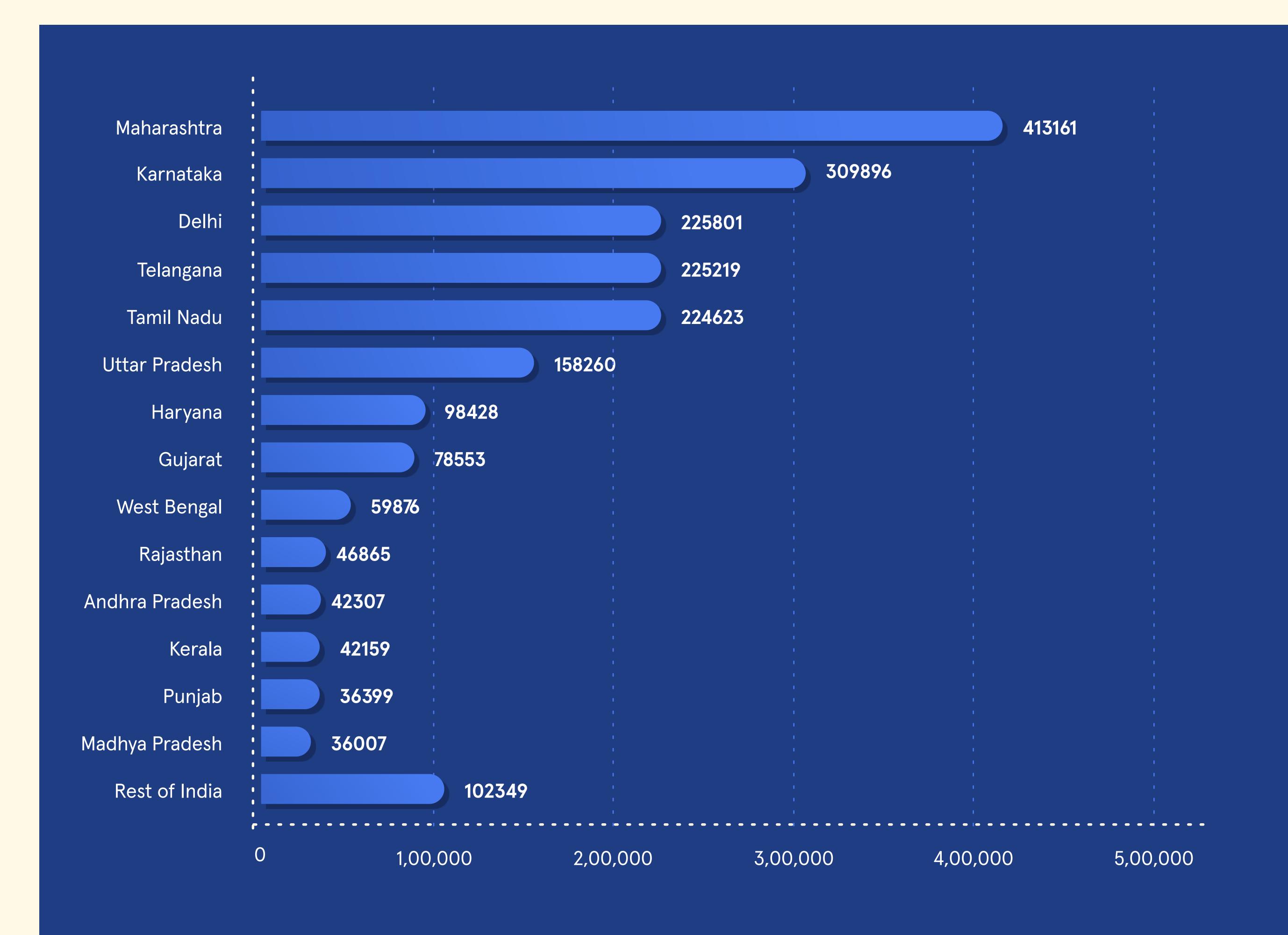
Karnataka: 598627

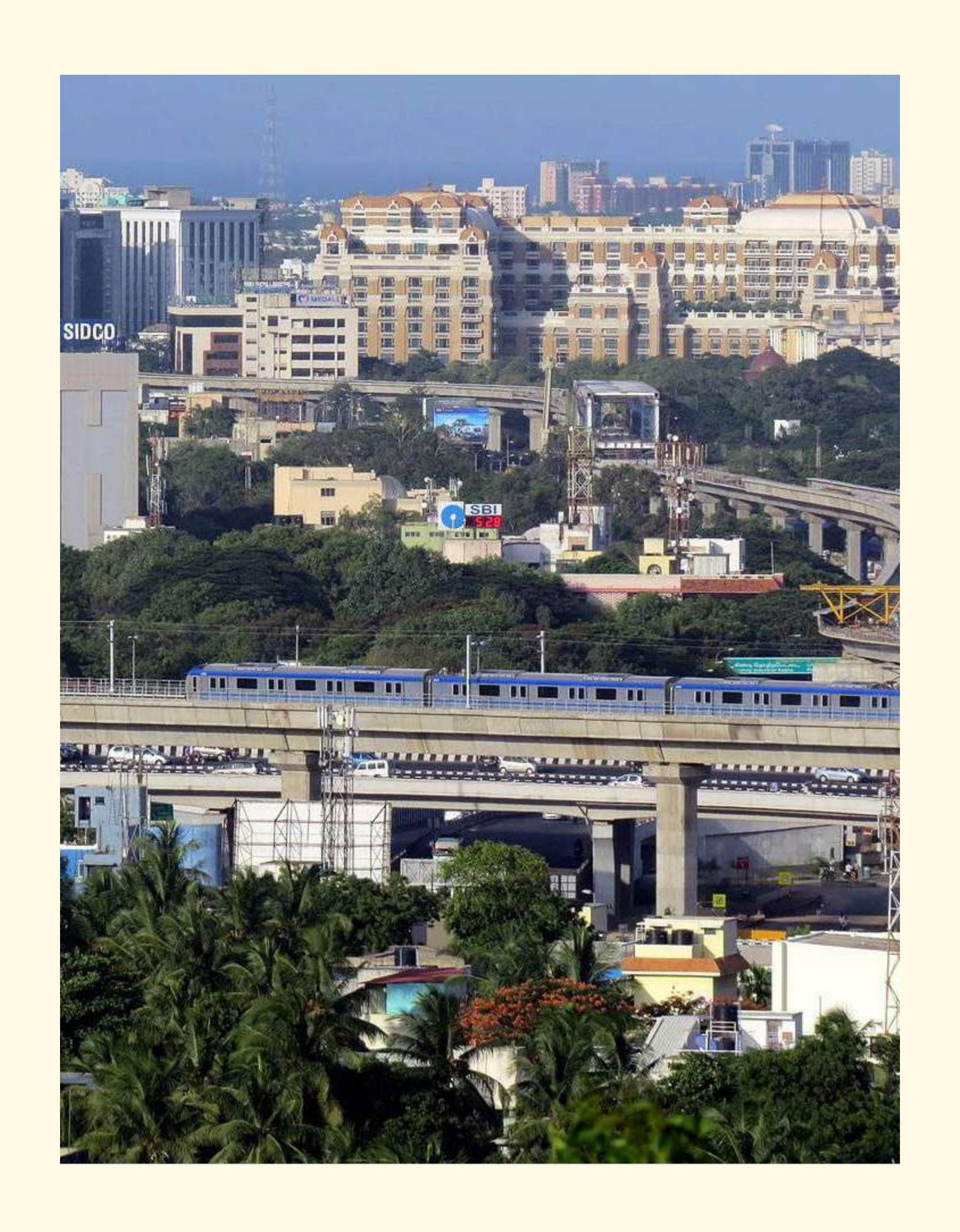
Telangana: 225219

Tamil Nadu: 224623

Andhra Pradesh: 42307

**Kerala:** 42159





### Tier 1 Cities Create the Largest Job Opportunities

Delhi

225801+

Mumbai

133244+

Bangaluru

234800+

## Blue-Collar Jobs City-wise

Delhi: 225801

Gurgaon: 50690

Noida: 85460

Kolkata: 23950

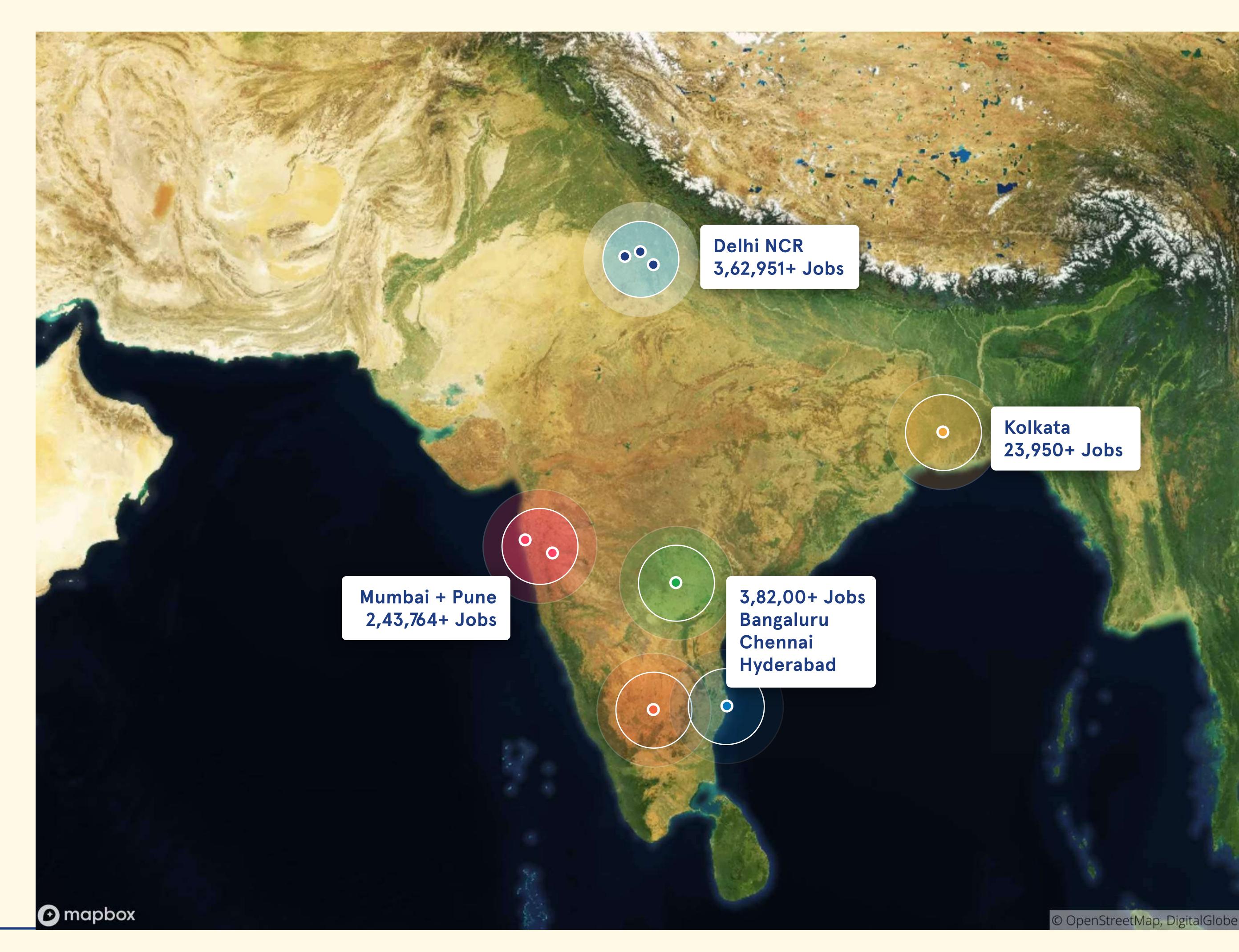
Mumbai: 133244

Pune: 110520

Hyderabad: 54052

Bangalore: 234800

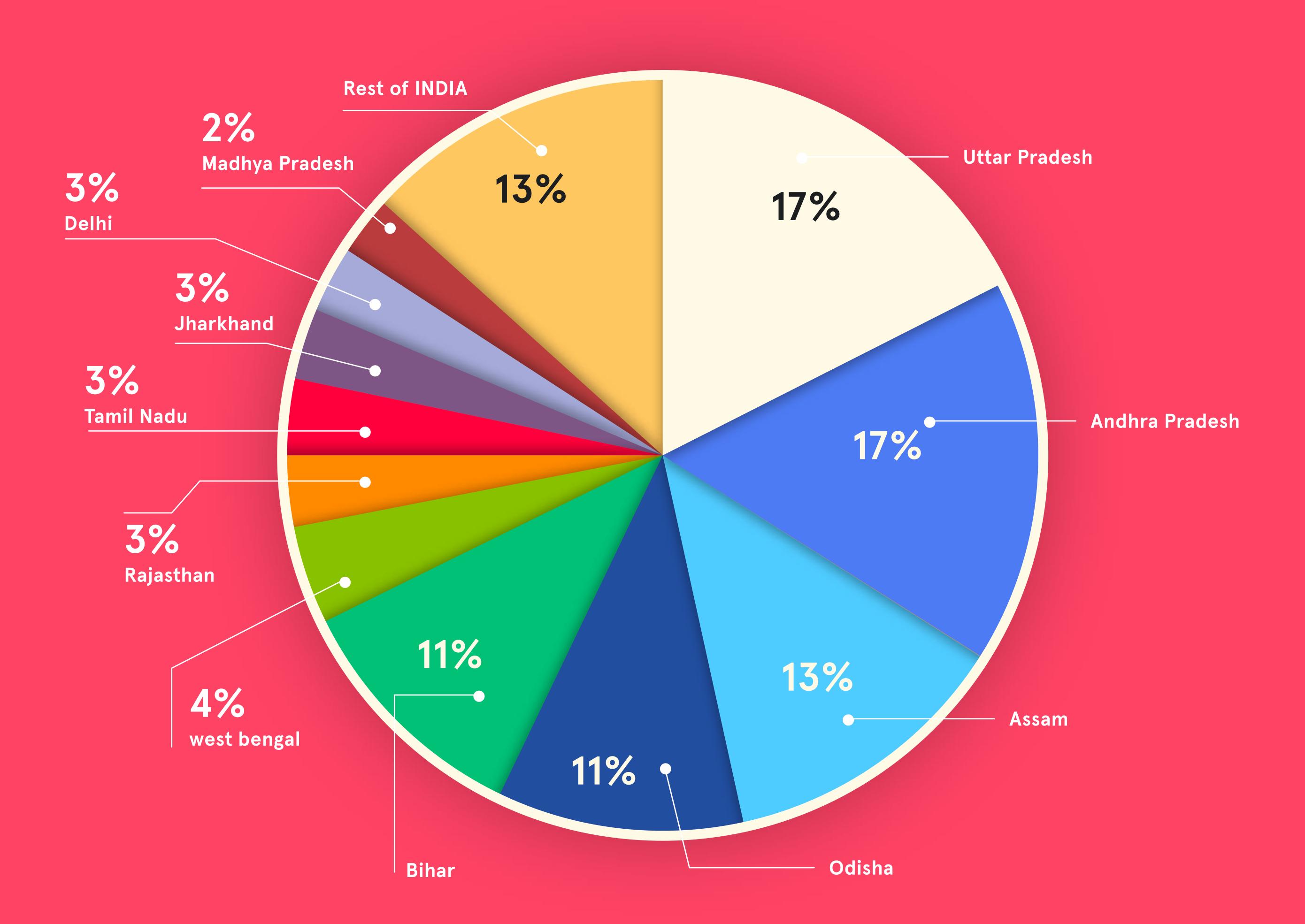
**Chennai:** 93,222



# O2 Supply and Migration

5 states contribute to around 60% of the Migratory Population

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### Top destination for Job Seekers

CITIES: STATES:

Bengaluru Maharashtra

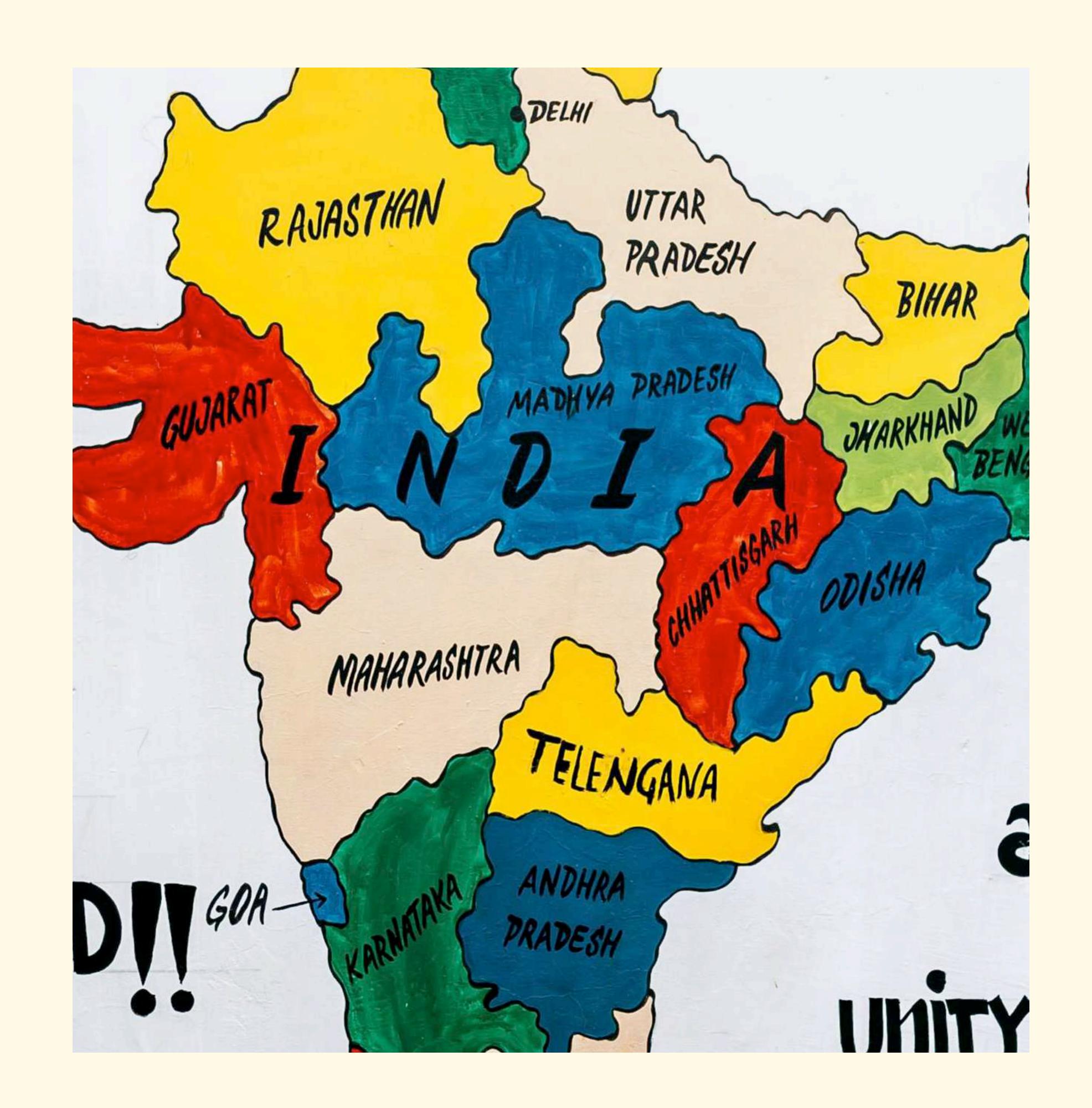
Delhi Karnataka

Mumbai Telangana

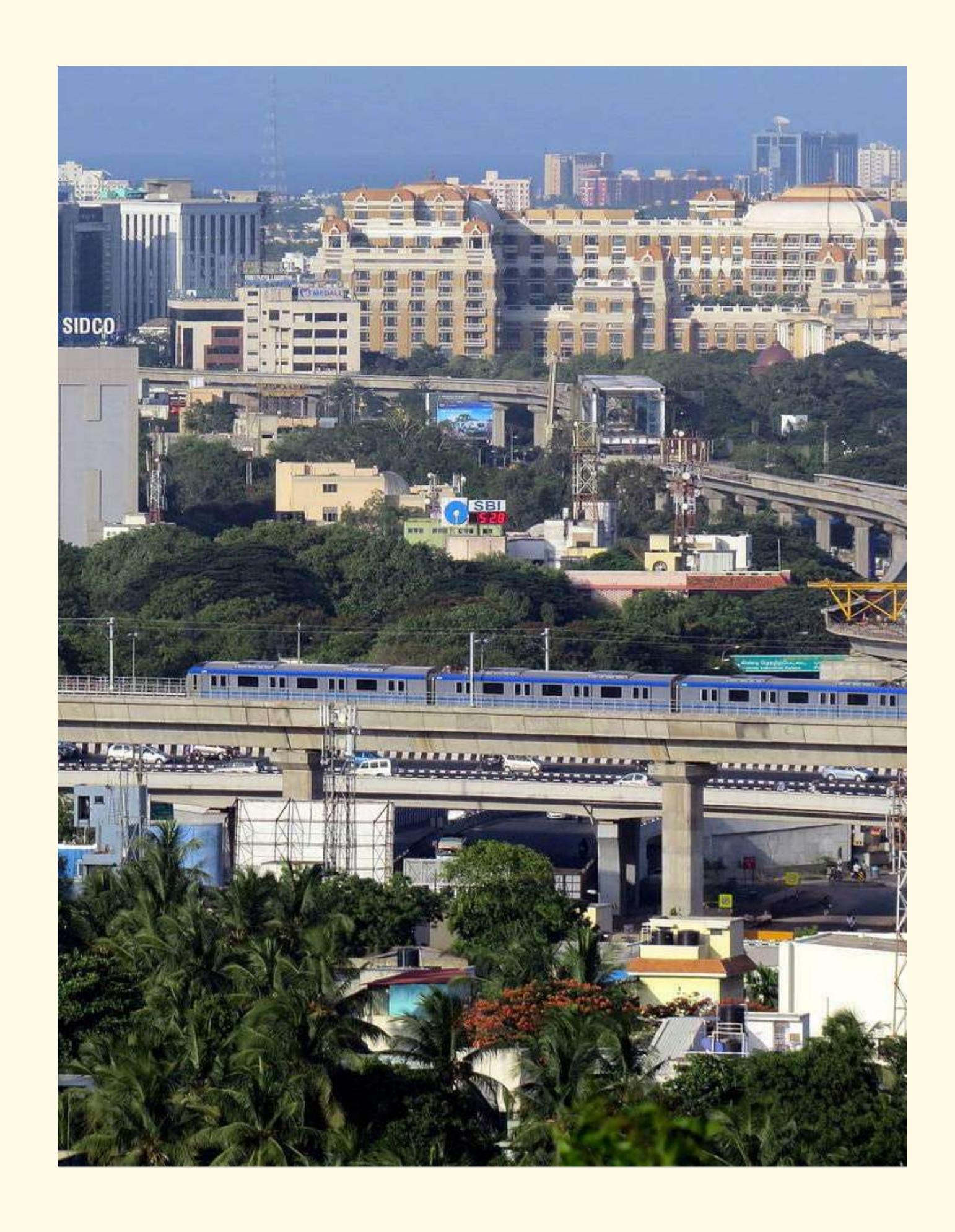
Pune Delhi

Chennai Tamil Nadu

Job seekers from neighboring villages & states migrate to the nearest metro city (eg. to Bengaluru from AP/Telangana) especially for gig jobs like delivery & driving



There is a clear migration pattern based on Skill Hubs, Location, Social Network and Salary



#### \*Based on last 12 months Recruitment Trends

### Supply

- Security Guard
  Assam & Odisha
- Beautician Manipur
- Maintenance(Plumber & Electrician)
  UP & Bihar

Driver -

Migration within 200 KM to Bigger Cities

Delivery -

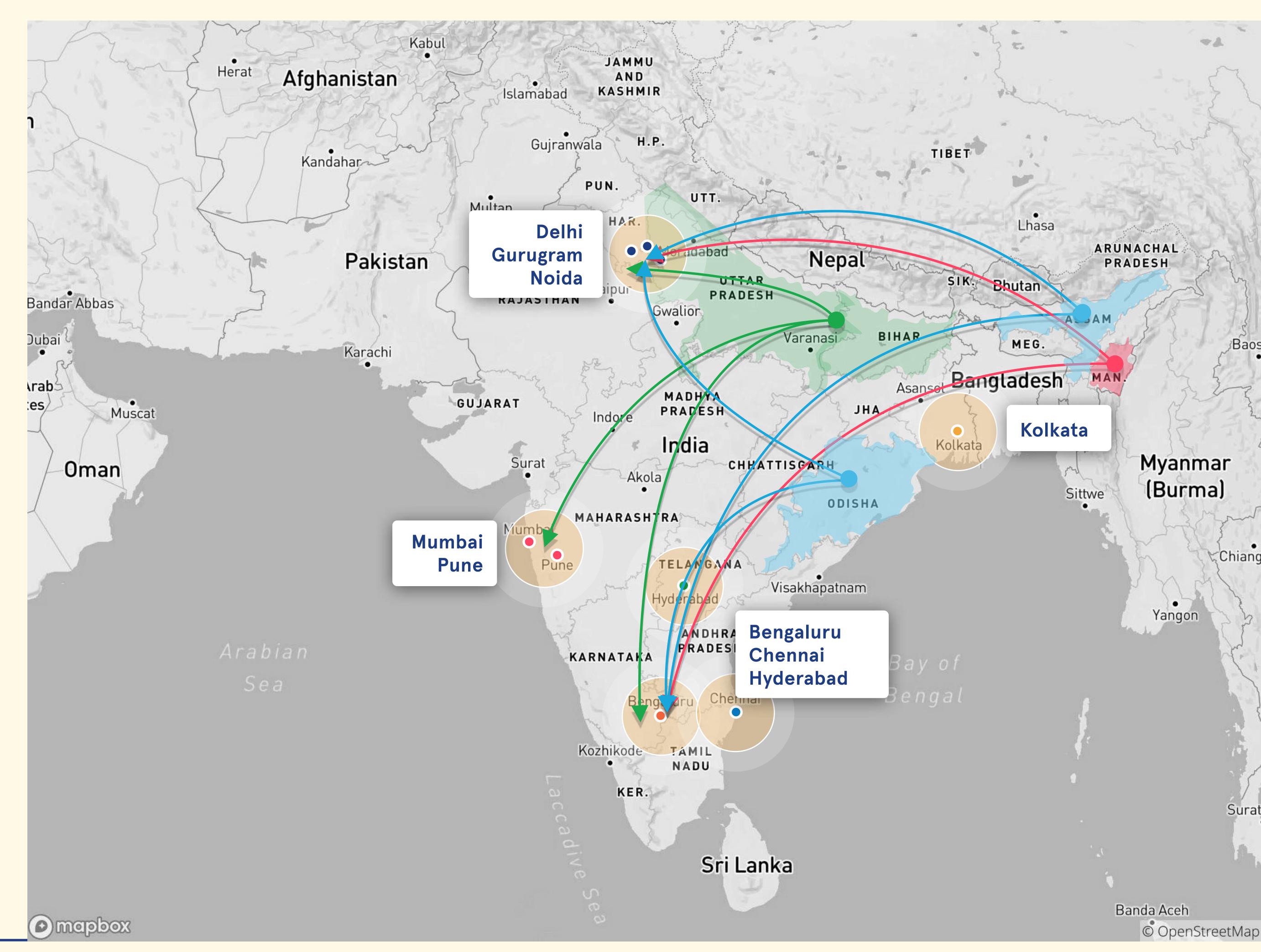
Migration within 200 KM to Bigger Cities

Pre-School -

Migration within 200 KM to Bigger Cities

Facility -

Migration within 200 KM to Bigger Cities

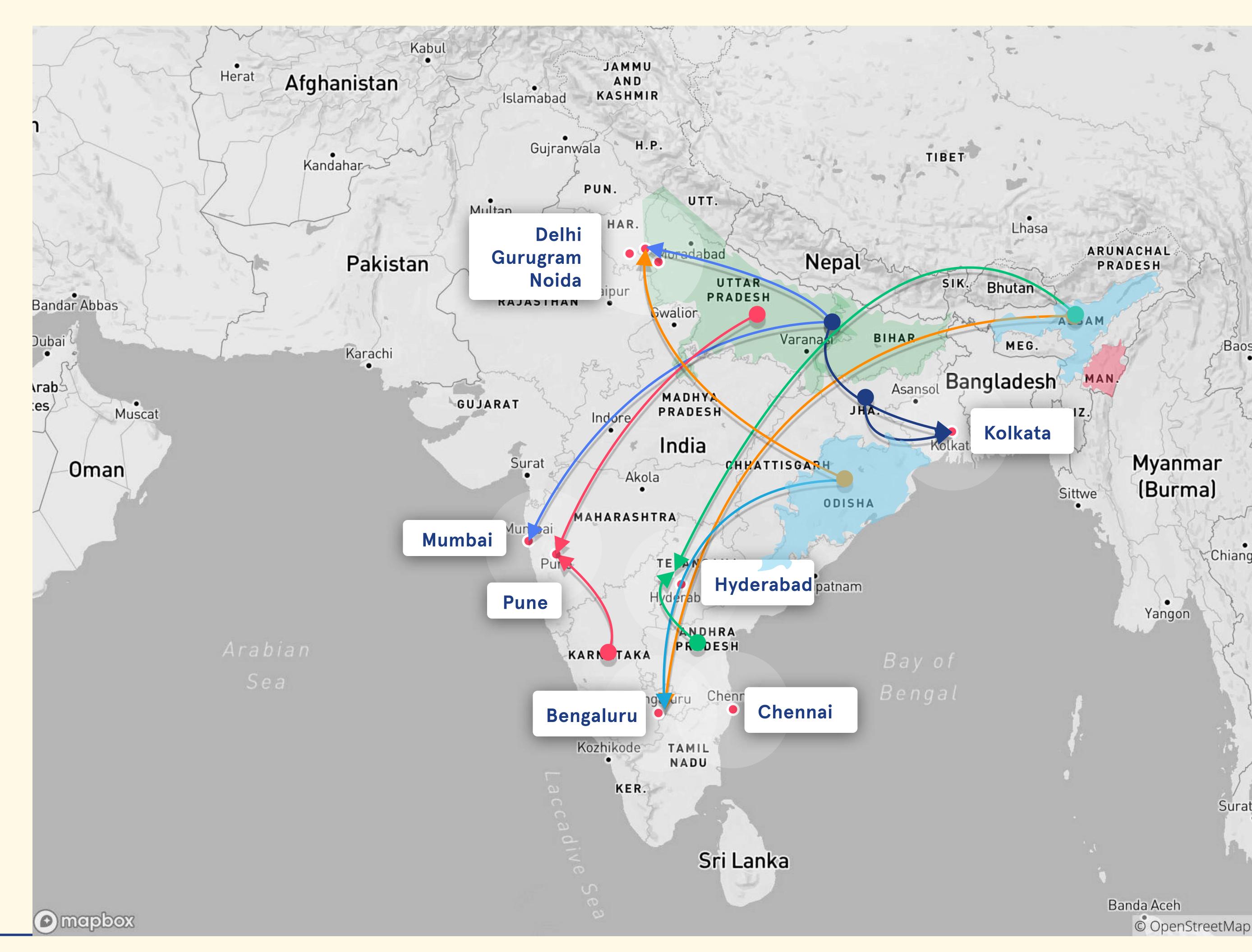




#### \*Based on last 12 months Recruitment Trends

### Migration

- Uttar Pradesh & Bihar to to Mumbai
- Karnataka & Uttar Pradesh to to Pune
- Andhra Pradesh & Assam to Hyderabad
- Assam & Odisha to - Bengaluru
- Bihar & Jharkhand to - Kolkata
- Uttar Pradesh & Bihar to Delhi





# 03 Demographical Details

- There is a shift towards higher salary in Gig economy, Nevertheless
   Higher Minimum Wages Is A Must to Meet The Growing Jobs Demand
- 64% of the Workforce Comes from Age Group of 24–38 Years
- 96% of the Workforce is Male in Blue-Collar Job Roles
- Most verticals See High Attrition Ranging Anywhere From 40% to 300%.



# There is a shift towards higher salary in Gig economy, Nevertheless Higher Minimum Wages Is A Must to Meet The Growing Jobs Demand

- 1. Due to increase in gig job opportunities, average salary is increasing
- 2. People are doing more than one job to increase their monthly income
- 3. Due to the increase in minimum wages by the government, the blue-collar staff is able to earn more

### SALARY

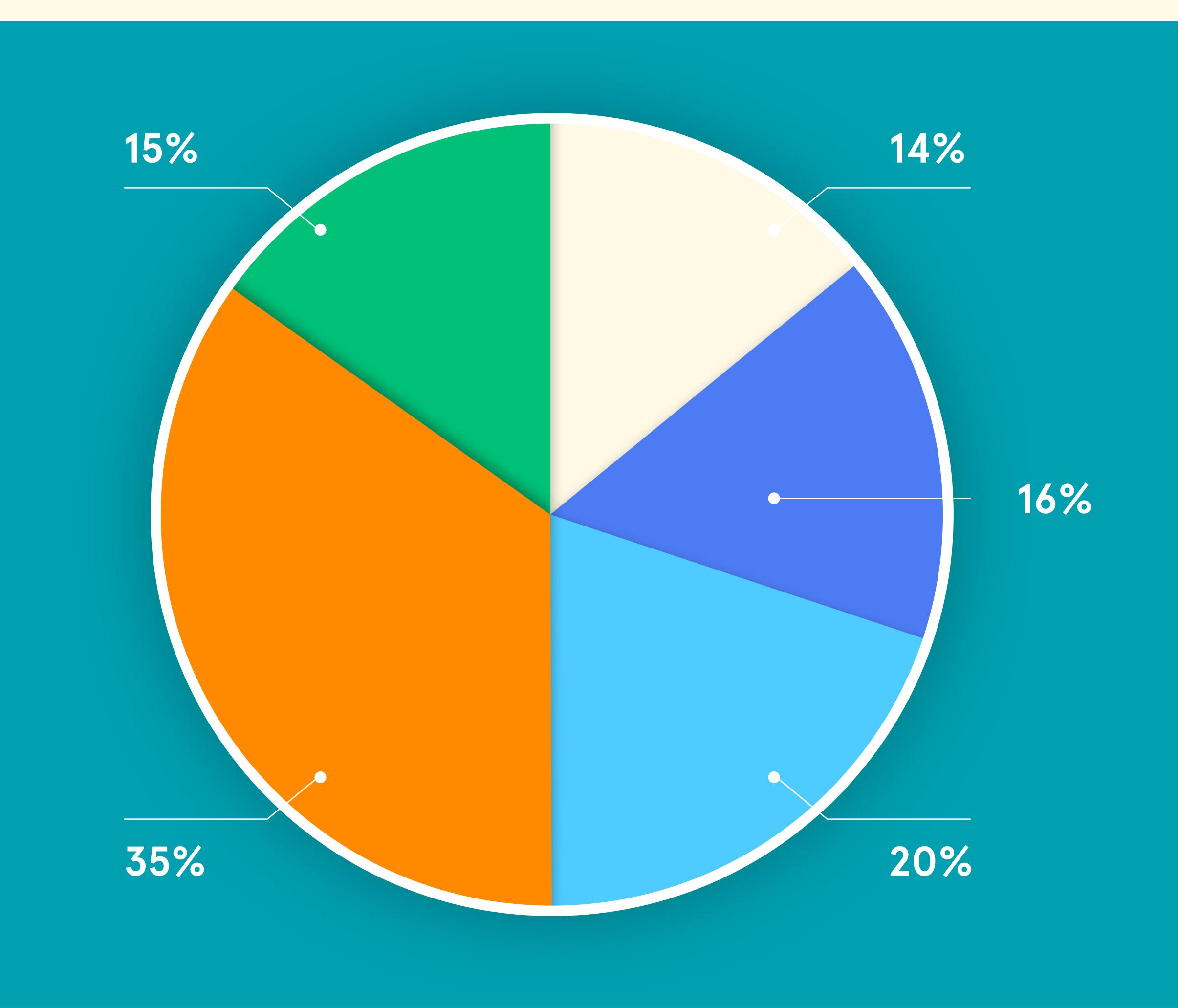
□ 30K: 14%

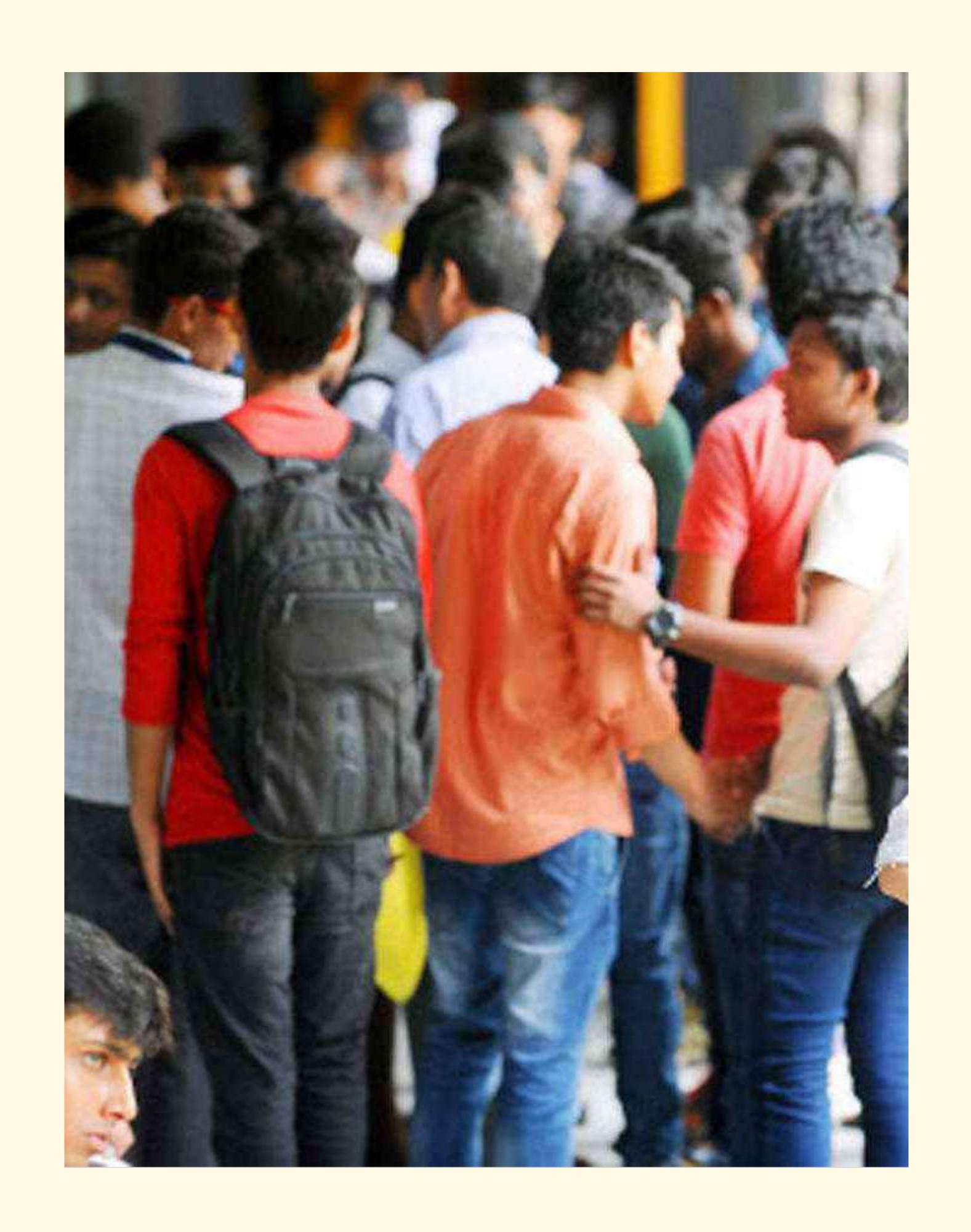
**25-30K:** 16%

**20-25K:** 20%

■ 15-25K: 35%

■ 10-15K: 15%





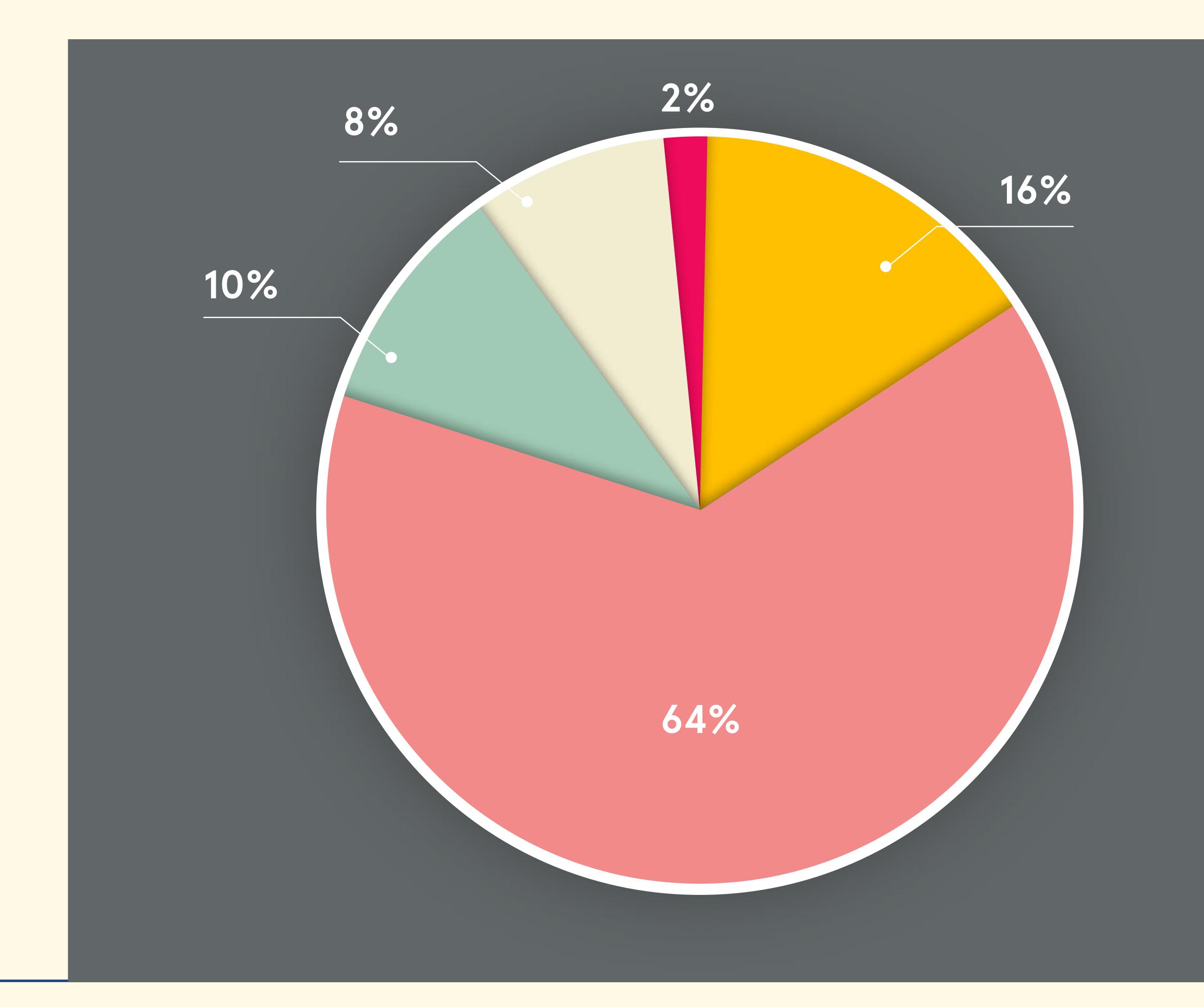
## 64% of the Workforce Comes from Age Group of 24-38 Years

24-38 Years

64%

Below 23 years

16%



### AGE

- Below 23 years
- 24-38 yers
- 39-43 Years
- 44-54 Years
- Above 54 years

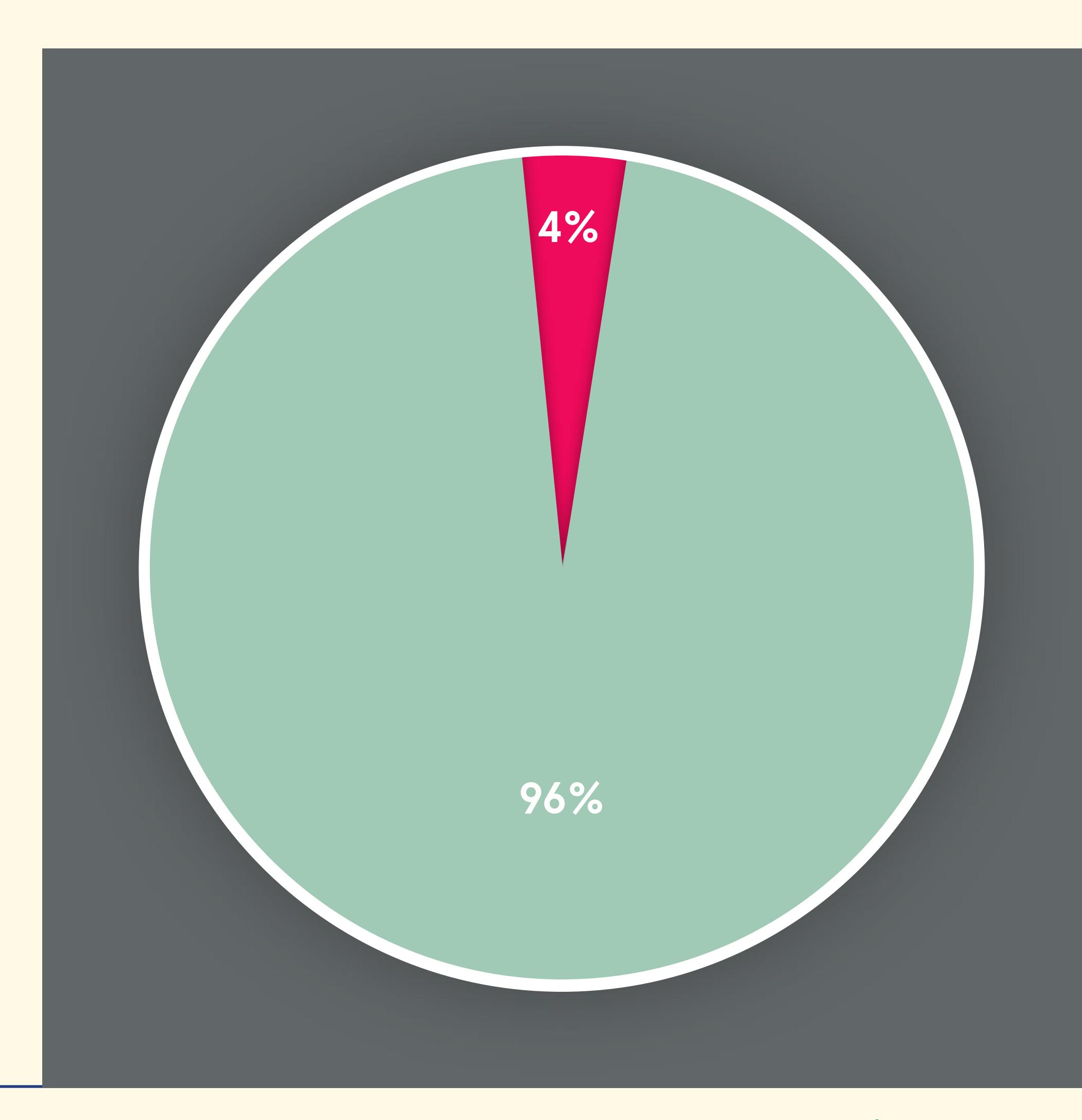
## 96% of the Workforce is Male in Blue-Collar Job Roles

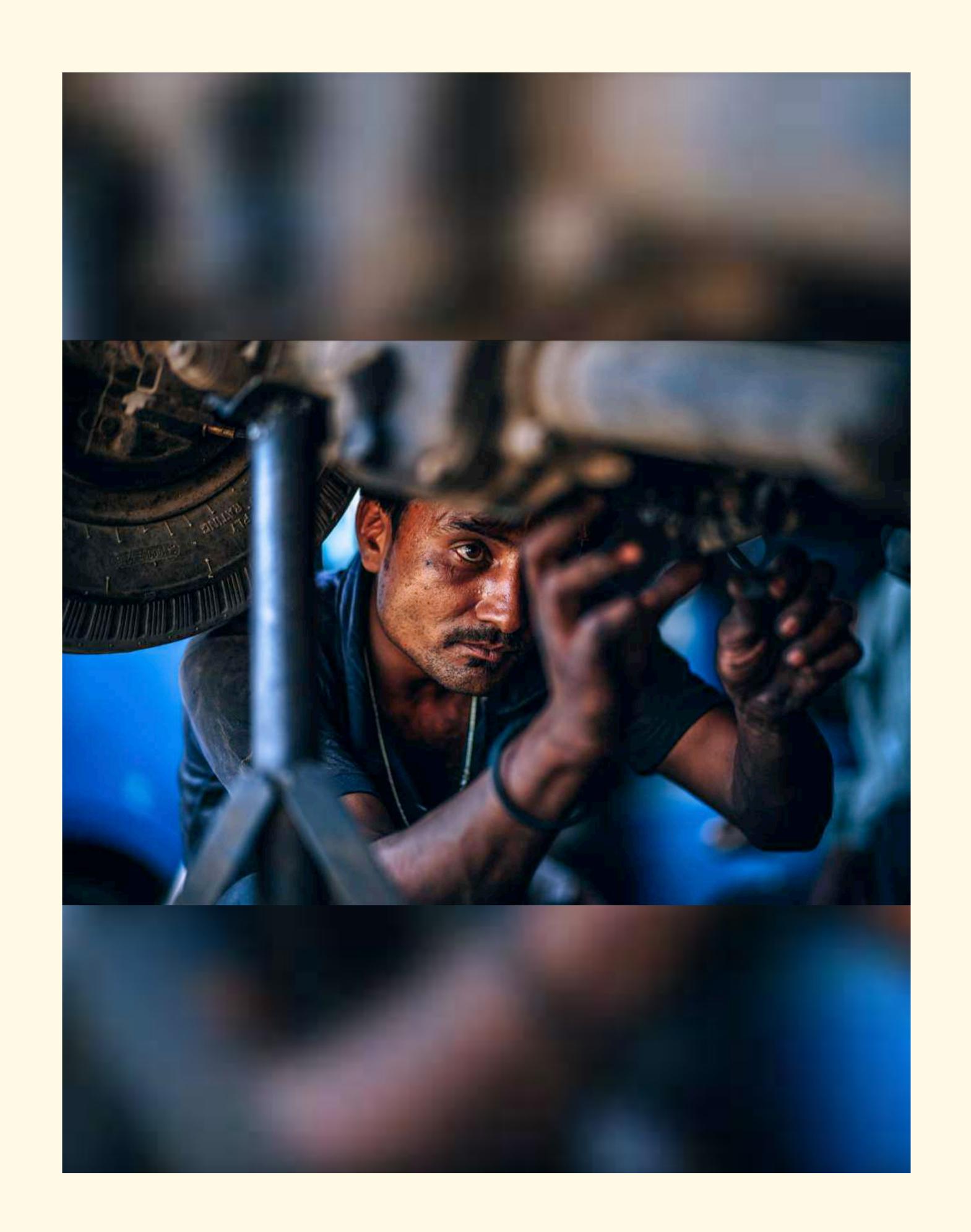
### Preferred Jobs by Females:

- Security Guard
- Facility Staff
- School Non-Teaching Staff

### RATIO

- Male 96%
- Female 4%



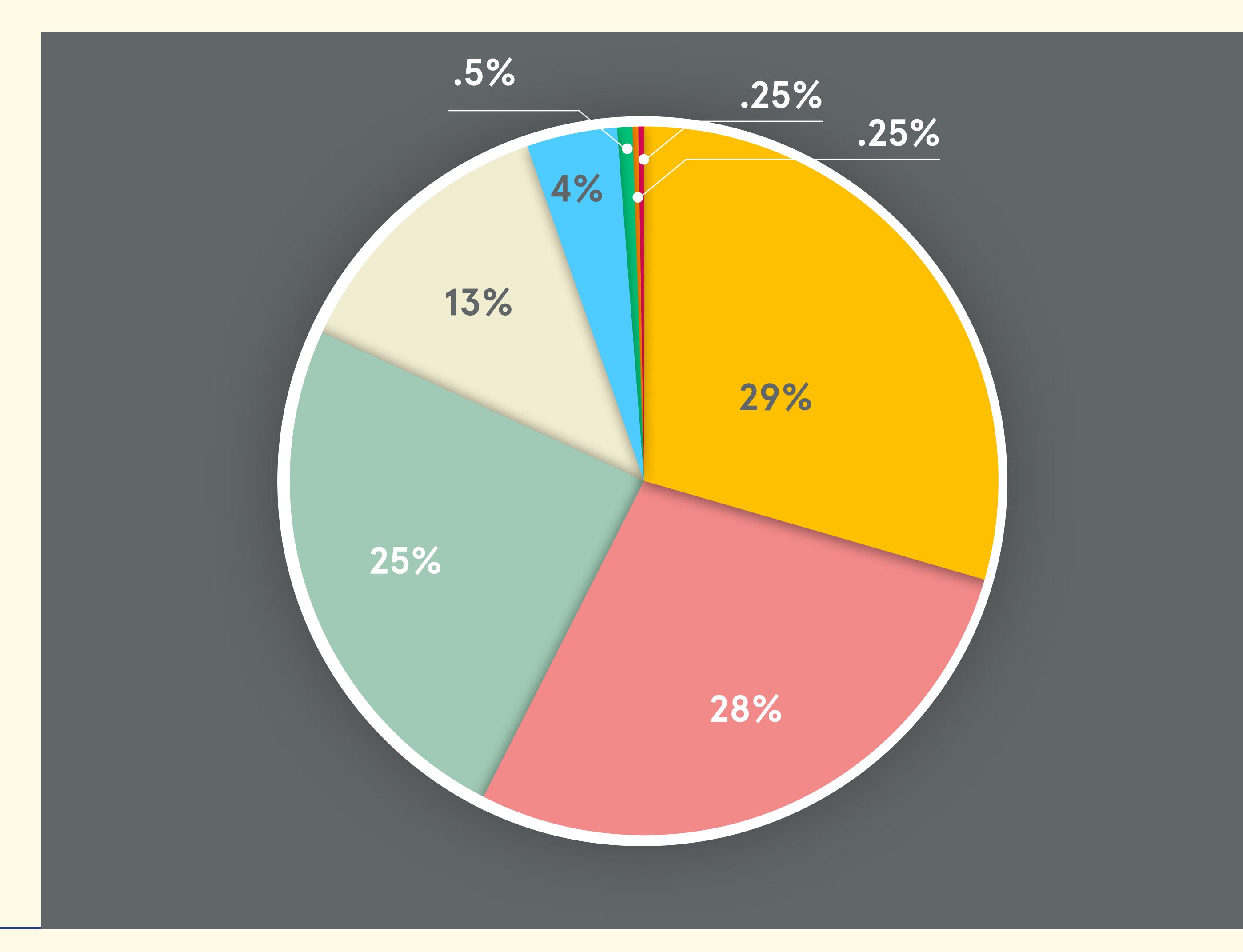


### Most verticals See High Attrition Ranging Anywhere From 40% to 300%

- 1. More than half of Workforce of 23 years of age and below changes job within 90 days
- 2. People change jobs or go back to home town



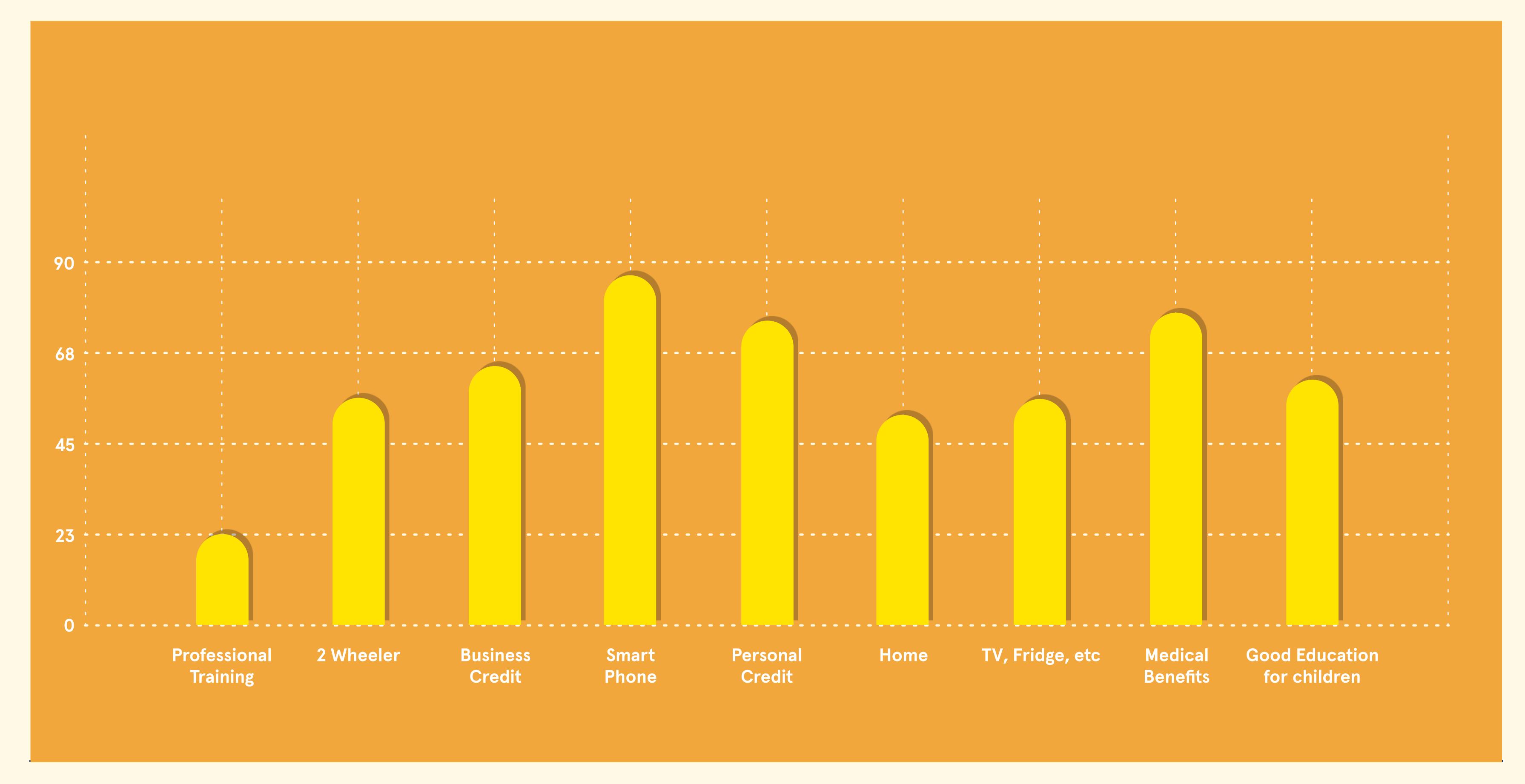
- Below 30 Days
- 31-90 Days
- 90-180 Days
- □ 180-365 Days
- 1-2 Years
- 2-3 Years
- 3-4 Years
- >4 Years



# O4 People's Needs

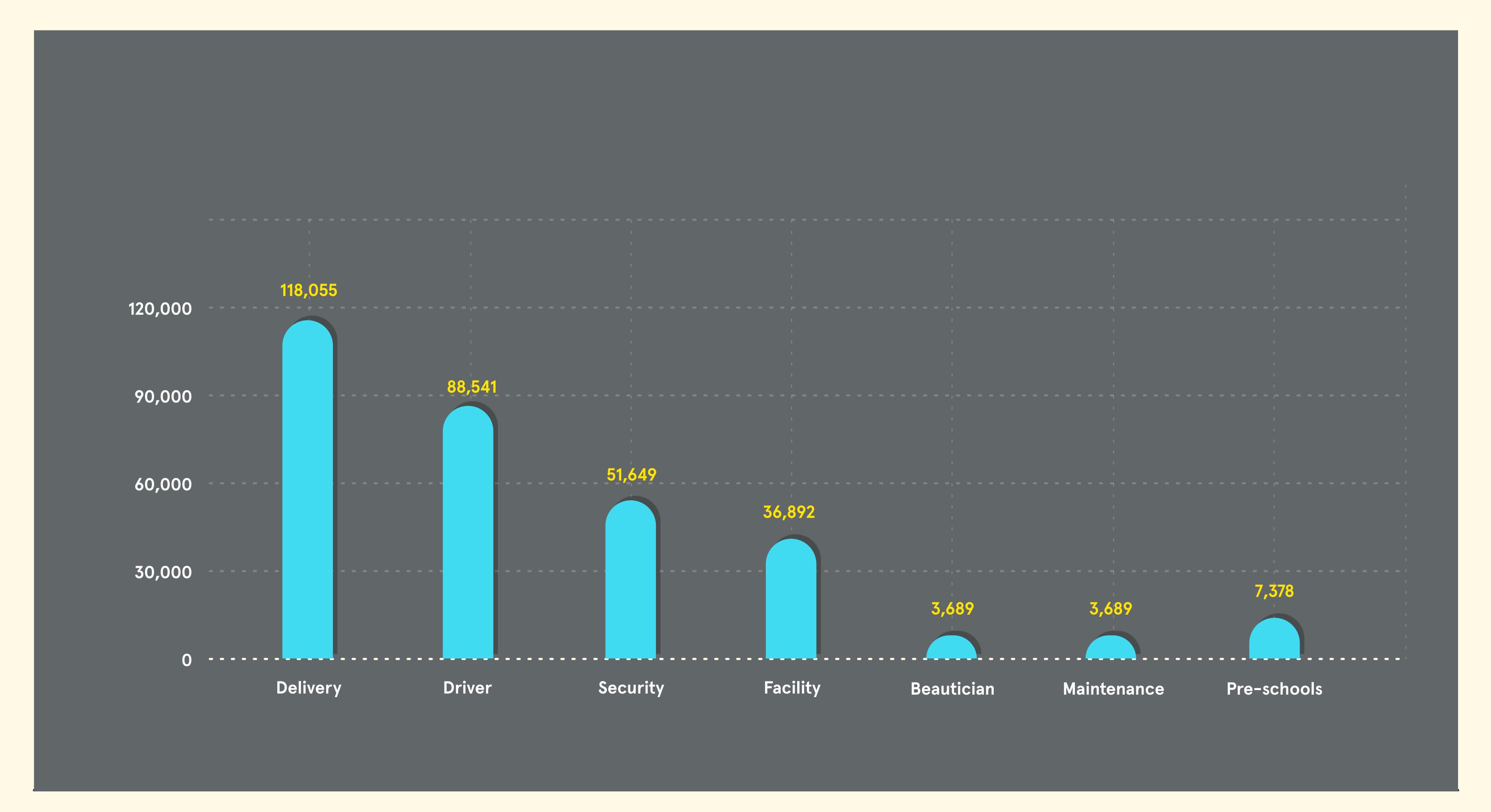
 Growing Aspirations are clearly visible for Potential Needs and desire for higher income

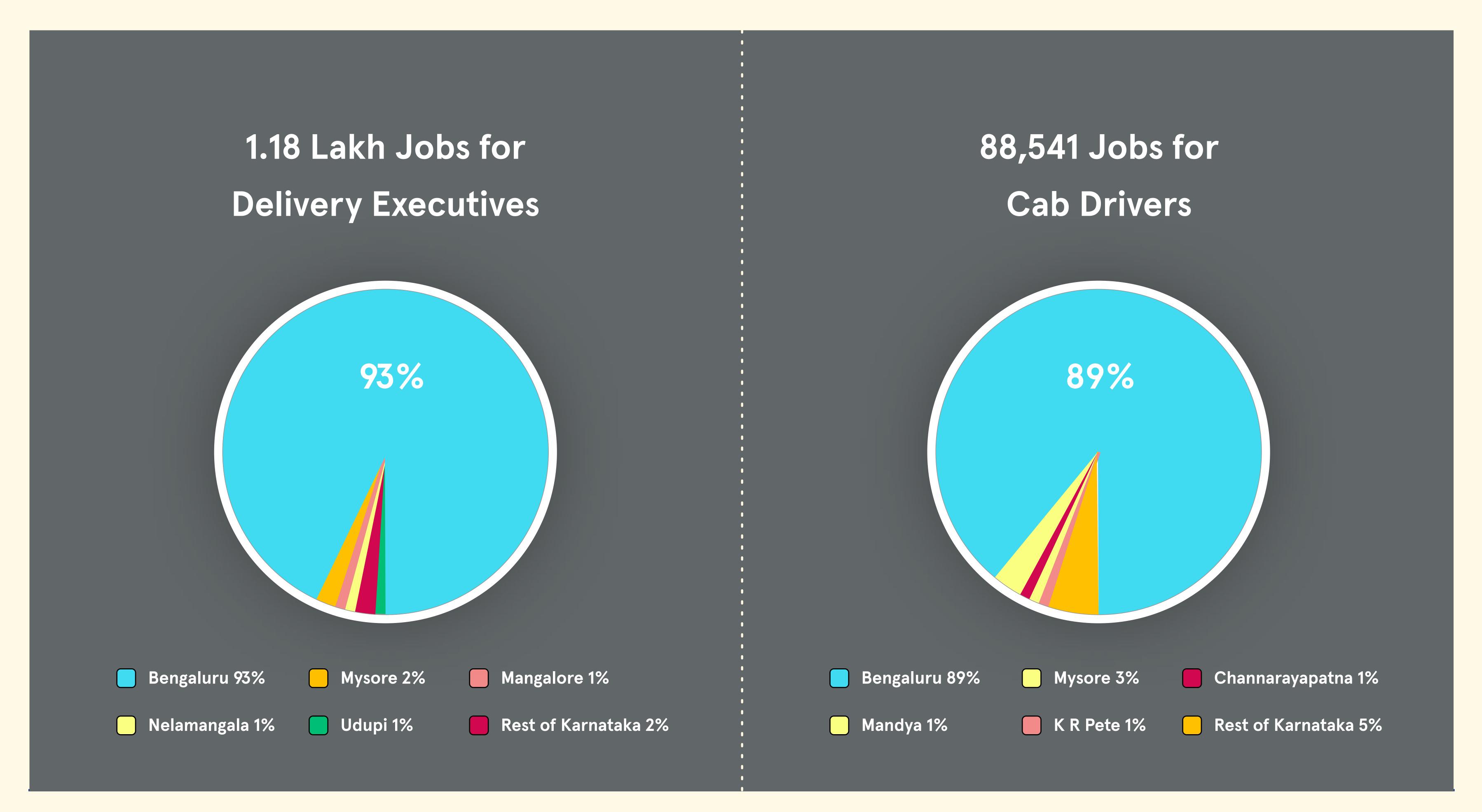
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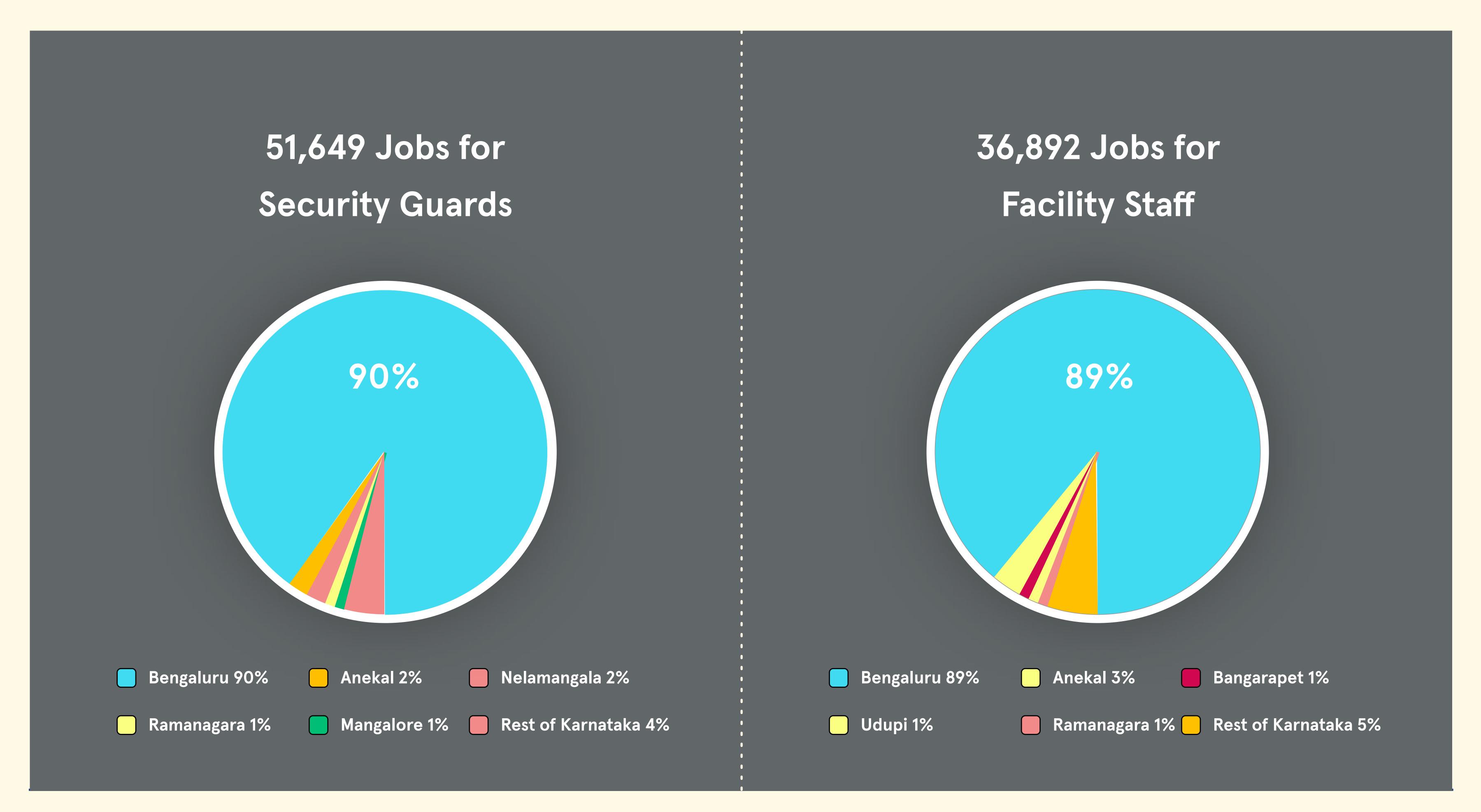


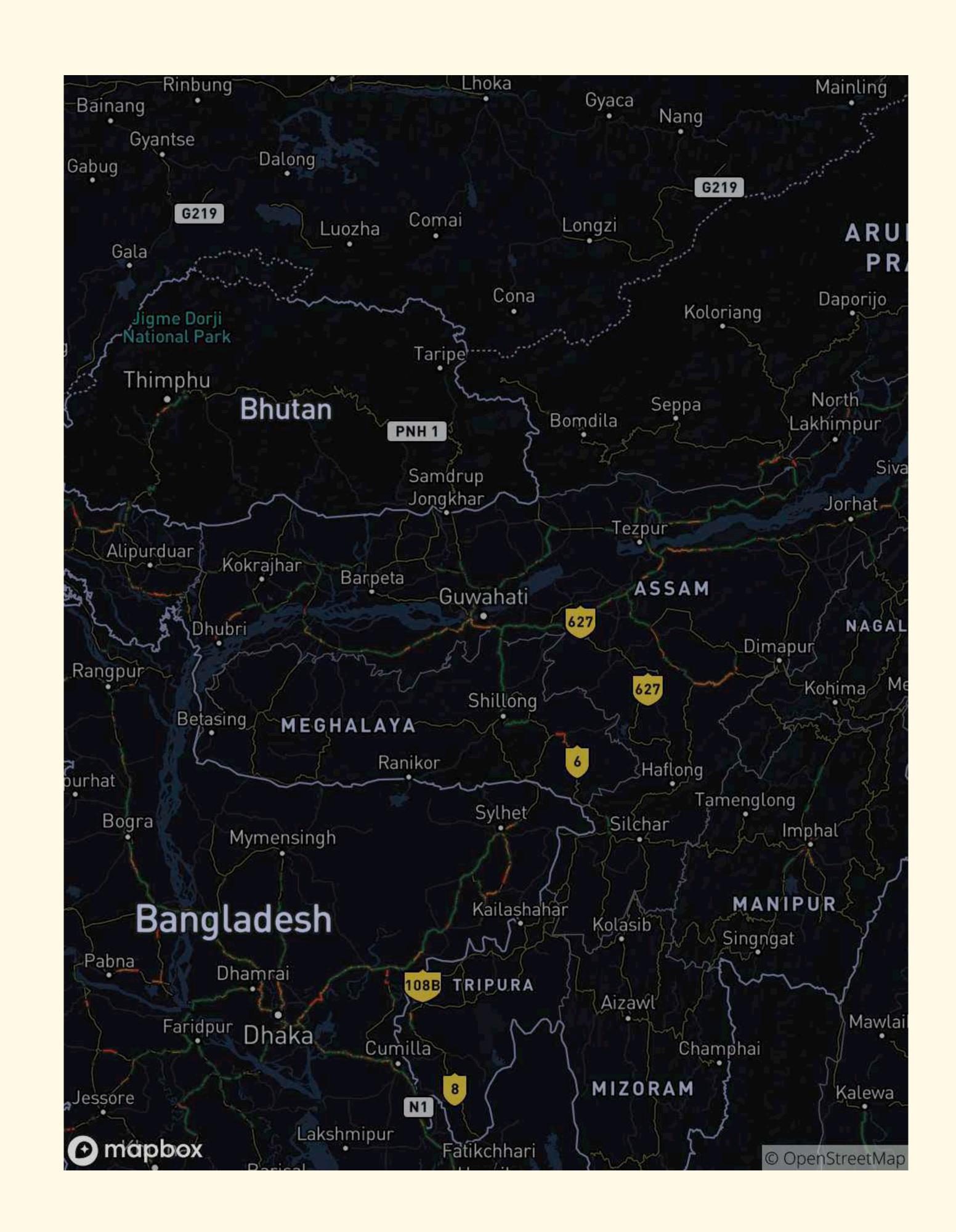
## O5 Karnataka Report











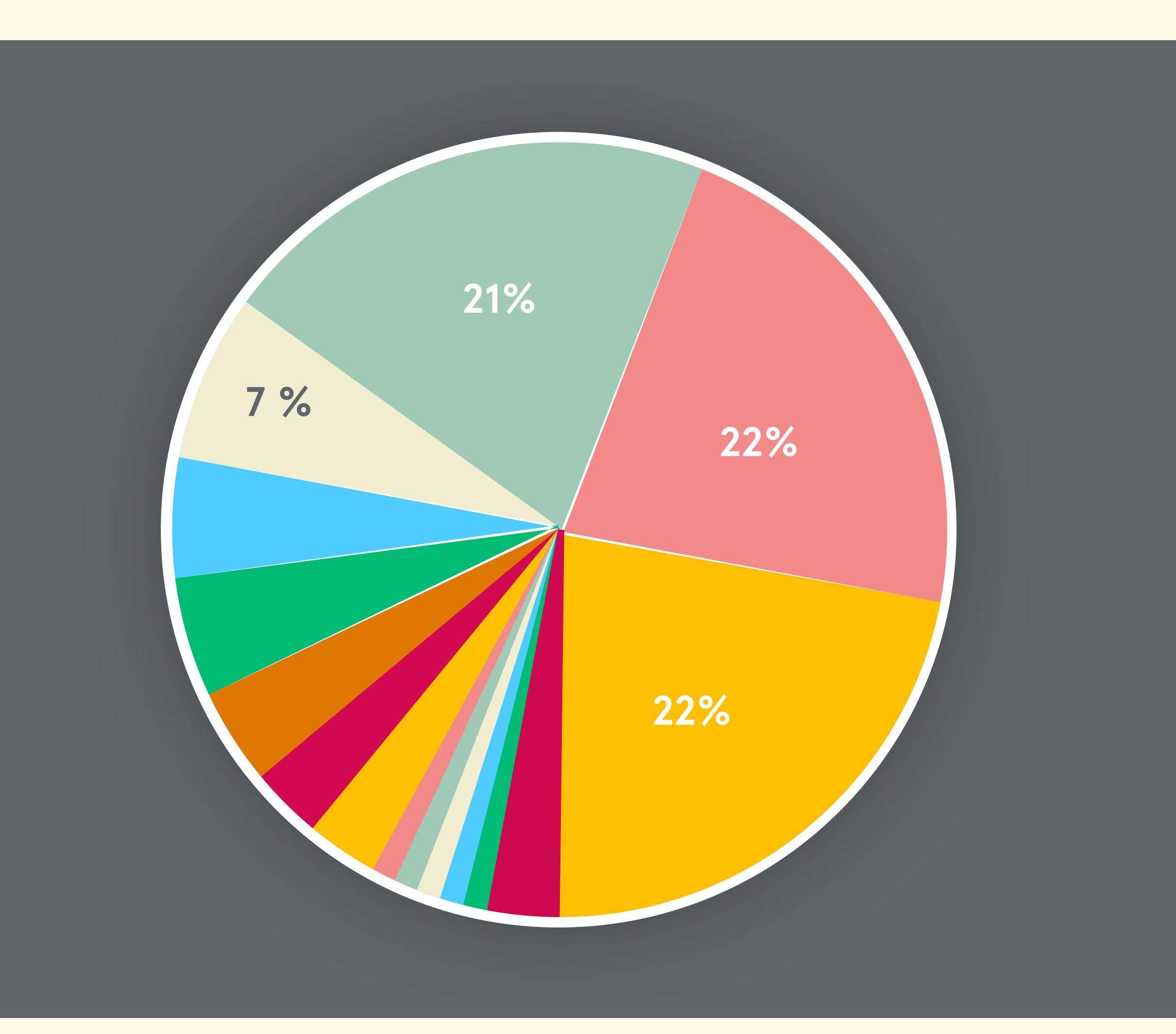
## Assam And Odisha Offer Maximum Migratory Workforce to Bengaluru

After which, these are the states offering highest number of workforce:

- Andhra Pradesh
- Tamil Nadu
- West Bengal

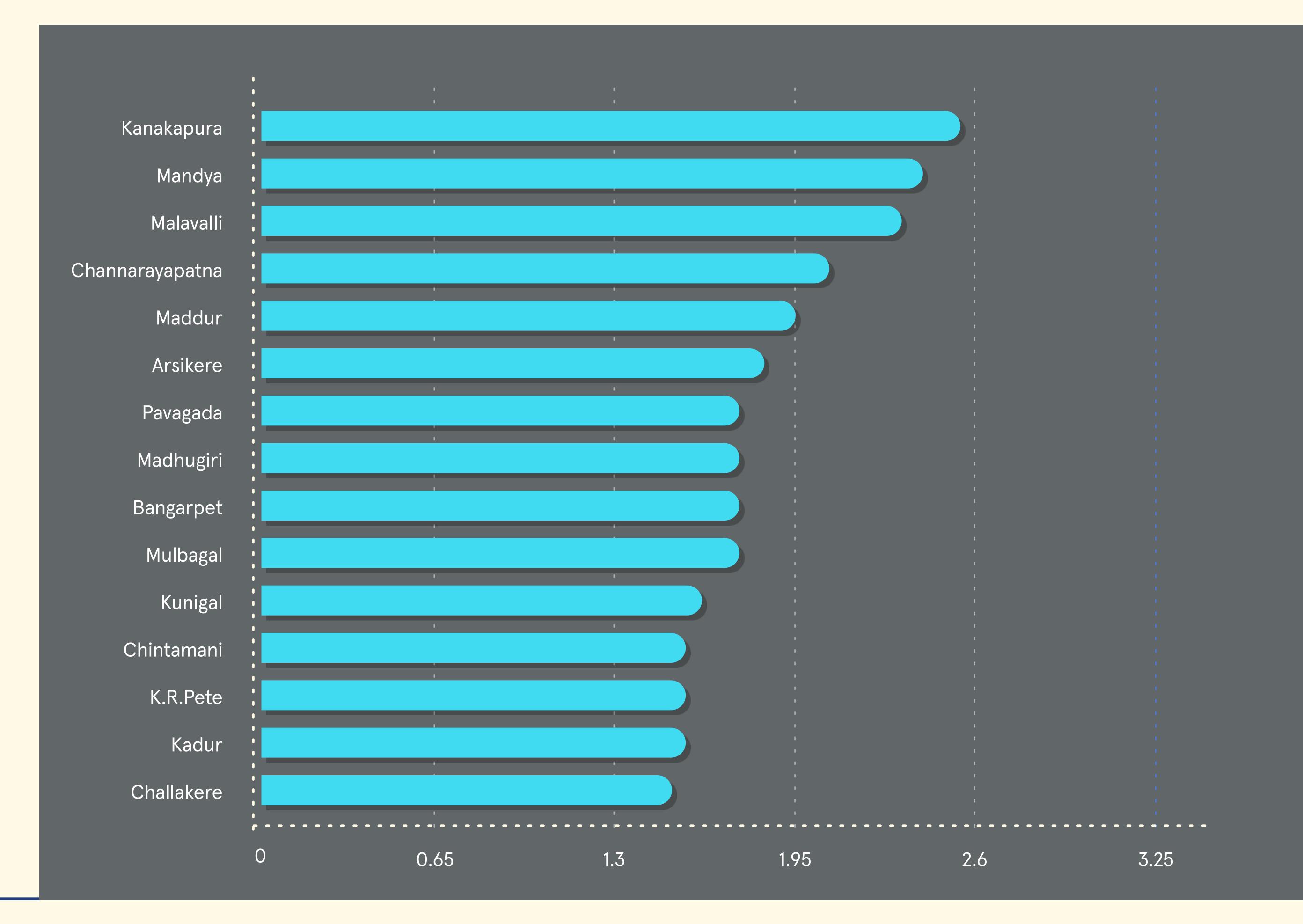
### WORKFORCE

- Assam 22%
- Odisha 22%
- Andhra Pradesh 21%
- Tamil Nadu 7%
- West Bengal 5%
- Bihar 5%
- Jharkhand 4%
- Tripura 3%
- Kerala 3%
- Uttar Pradesh 1%
- Maharashtra 1%
- Telangana 1%
- Arunachal Pradesh 1%
- Madhya Pradesh 1%
- Rest of India 3%



Kanakapura Offers Maximum Workforce to Bengaluru

within Karnataka



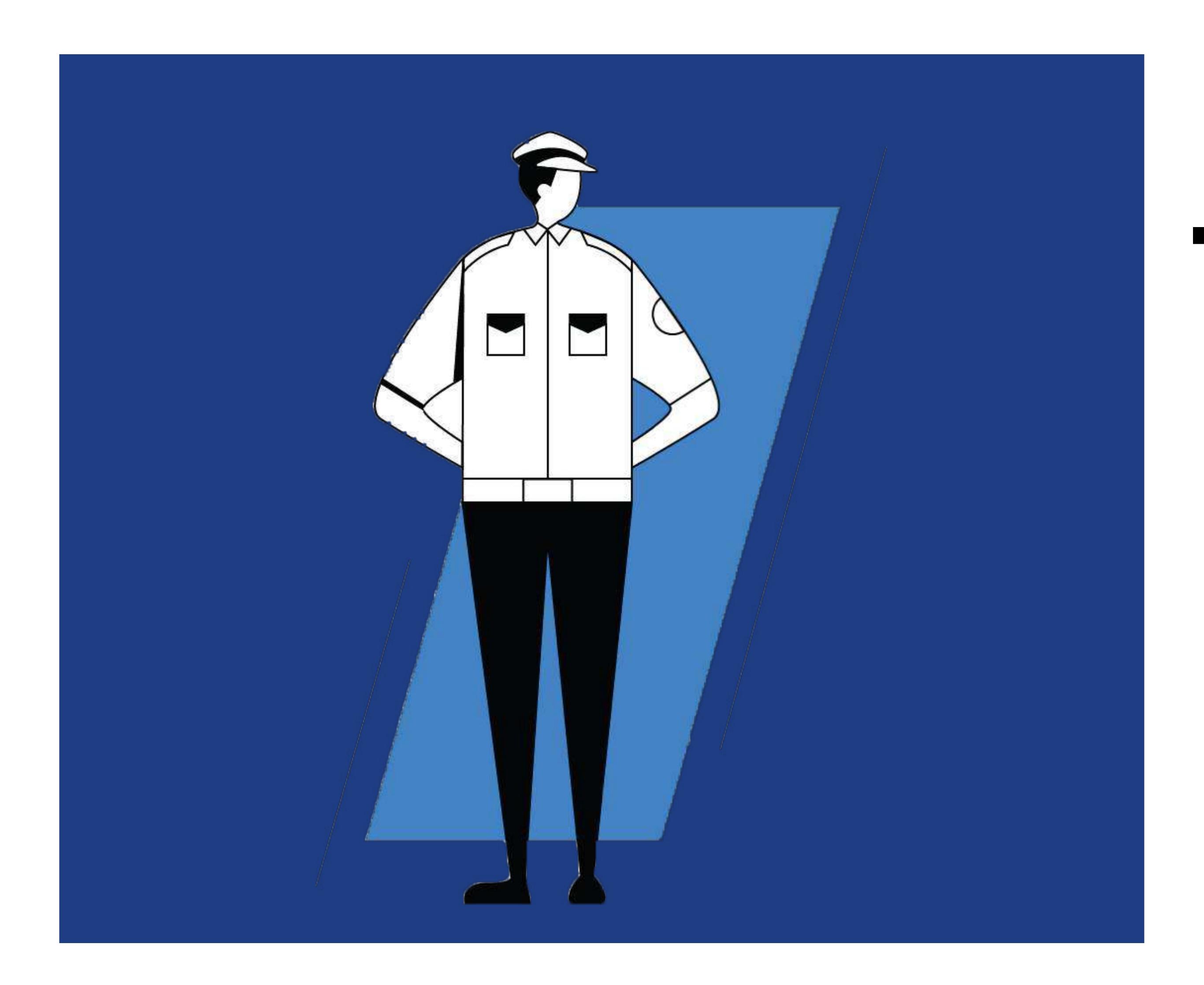
# O Key Takeaways

### BetterPlace's Take on the Future of Jobs

- The data indicates a clear growth in demand of jobs. The supply needs to be aligned with that
- A constant pool of skilled resources driven by employers' needs is a must
- Lack of awareness amongst job seekers needs to be resolved with frictionless ecosystem
- There should be an integrated digital and physical system in place to address the needs of the job seeker and match those with the employer
- Initial support beyond skilling, like credit and assets, should be made available to take up new jobs

### BetterPlace's Take on the Future of Jobs

- Savings, location, living conditions, social network are some of the key factors in determining the willingness of a person to take up a job
- A local ecosystem should also be developed to create local livelihood opportunities
- Employee benefits like health, insurance, etc should be the key focus areas for higher retention
- · Aspirations of people are growing. This is visible in people doing extra job hours. There's also a need for better credit system
- Circular migration seems to stay due to personal and family needs
- · There are skill hubs, We need to build ecosystem around that



# Thank A You

